## 1 Gödel's Theorem as a UNNS Constant

A defining feature of recursive systems is the inevitability of undecidable or paradoxical residues once sufficient nesting and self-reference are present. Gödel's incompleteness theorems, classically framed for arithmetic, can be reinterpreted in the UNNS framework as the emergence of an invariant constant: no UNNS with nontrivial recursion can avoid the appearance of undecidable states.

**Definition 1.1** (Gödel Constant of UNNS). Let  $\mathcal{U}$  be a UNNS defined by a recurrence of order  $D \geq 2$  with coefficient ring inside  $\mathbb{Z}[\zeta_n]$ , and let  $R \in (0,1]$  be its self-reference rate. The Gödel constant  $G(\mathcal{U})$  is the assertion that there exists a subsequence of propositions  $P_n$  generated within  $\mathcal{U}$  that are true but undecidable relative to the recursion rules. Symbolically,

$$G(\mathcal{U}): \exists (P_n) \quad P_n \in \mathcal{U}, \quad P_n \ undecidable \ in \ \mathcal{U}.$$

**Theorem 1.2** (Gödel–UNNS Constant). For every nontrivial UNNS with recursion depth  $D \geq 2$  and self-reference rate R > 0, the Gödel constant holds:

$$G(\mathcal{U})$$
 is unavoidable.

Moreover, the associated UNNS Paradox Index satisfies

$$\limsup_{n \to \infty} \mathrm{UPI}(P_n) > 0,$$

so that undecidable residues persist at all depths of recursion.

Proof Sketch. Gödel's original construction encodes a system's own syntactic rules into arithmetical statements, producing self-referential formulas such as "this statement is not provable." In the UNNS setting, the same mechanism is available: once  $D \geq 2$  and R > 0, recursive nests can encode their own recursion indices. This generates statements whose truth-value cannot be resolved internally, yielding undecidability. The lim sup claim follows from the observation that self-reference contributes a positive lower bound to the numerator of the UNNS Paradox Index, ensuring nonzero paradox residue even as damping factors increase.

Remark 1.3. The Gödel constant elevates incompleteness from a peculiarity of arithmetic to a structural law of recursion itself. It asserts that paradox is not an anomaly but a built-in invariant of UNNS substrates. This places it alongside limit ratios, Gauss/Jacobi sums, and FEEC convergence constants as one of the fundamental constants of the UNNS discipline.